The Intermediate Activity Pages introduced you to the origins, basic anatomy and by-products of beef cattle. Use the information in this activity to explore, in more detail, the complex digestive system of ruminants and the quality characteristics used to identify the best cut of meats. These are just a few of the skills that you can learn in the 4-H Beef project. Look at the skills to your left. Check your favorites. Then work with your 4-H leaders and parents to make a 4-H project plan of what you want to learn and do this year.

**Skills:**
- Learn about the parts of a beef animal’s digestive system
- Complete a beef service project
- Improve technology skills
- Identify best meat cuts
- Develop leadership skills
- Increase knowledge regarding careers in the beef industry

**Life Skills:** Responsibility

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**Digestion Dilemma**

Which part of the digestive tract does what? Unlike the human digestive system, cattle have a very large stomach composed of four parts. The four parts are made up of the abomasum, omasum, reticulum and rumen. Collectively, these four parts help to break down foods that other animals, including humans, are unable to process such as hay.

*Read the clues on the right. Select the word that matches the clue from the word list below and write the letters in the appropriate circles.*

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**Word List**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abomasum</th>
<th>Cecum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anus</td>
<td>Esophagus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Large Intestine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mouth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Omasum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reticulum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rumen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Small Intestine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Across**

4. One of the four stomachs in ruminants, it is also known as the “true stomach.” Its purpose is the secretion of digestive juices such as hydrochloric acid and pepsin to help break down foods.

5. An opening of the body through which an animal takes in food.

6. Another one of the four stomachs in ruminants, this part has “honeycomb” walls. The walls keep materials that could cause damage to the digestive system from passing through. Like the rumen, it also serves as a food storage area and aids in the breakdown of foods.

7. Also part of a ruminant’s four stomachs, this part breaks up large food particles and removes the liquid from feed via muscle contractions.

9. The large pouch that forms at the beginning of the large intestine.

10. Made up of the cecum, colon, rectum and anal cavity, this is a part of the intestinal tract.

**Down**

1. A muscular tube that passes food from the mouth to the stomach.

2. Large “storage area” for food. It also uses bacteria to breakdown large food particles as part of the digestive process.

3. Upper part of the intestinal tract where digestion is completed and nutrients are absorbed into the blood stream. This part of the digestive system consist of the duodenum, jejunum and ileum.

8. A body opening that allows for the removal of solid waste.

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**THE UNIVERSITY of TENNESSEE**
INTESTINAL I.D.

Now that you know what each part of a ruminant’s digestive system does, can you identify the parts? Using the numbers from the crossword puzzle on page 1, write the number that corresponds to the part of the digestive system in the white circle. An example has been provided.

ACTIVITIES
- Beef shows
- Skill-a-thons
- Judging teams
- Visit a cattle farm to learn more about raising beef cattle.
- Visit a slaughter house or butcher to learn more about meat processing.
- Visit with a local veterinarian to learn more about animal health care and nutrition.
- Attend a livestock show.
- Enter your beef animal in the fair.

SERVICE IDEAS
- Conduct a beef project demonstration on one aspect of raising beef animals.
- Give your demonstration to younger students.
- Take your animal to a farm day to teach younger children about beef.
- Create a matching game using the information you gathered in the “Beef Beginnings” game to help project group members learn about beef cattle origins.

RESOURCES
- School and public libraries
- Beef cattle farmers; breed associations and magazines
- 4-H project leader/group

The following Websites were used to create this activity sheet. To learn more visit:
- www.utextension.utk.edu/4H/projects/beef.htm
- www.n4hccs.org

Don’t forget! For more ideas and info, contact your 4-H office.
**QUALITY CRITERIA:**

There are numerous qualities and characteristics that are used to decide what is and what is not the best cut of meat. The following is a brief list of characteristics that define a good cut of meat and are used when judging meat products. Rank the four cuts of meat on the left using the characteristics below. Write your ranking on the lines provided. Then explain, based on the characteristics, why you ranked the meat cuts the way that you did.

**CHARACTERISTICS OF GOOD MEAT CUTS**

1. More square inches of meat
2. More marbling
3. Deeper red coloring
4. Less fat
5. More evenly distributed marbling

**RANK #1:**

REASON:  ________________________________________________
___________________________________________
___________________________________________
___________________________________________
___________________________________________

**RANK #2:**

REASON:  ________________________________________________
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___________________________________________
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**RANK #3:**

REASON:  ________________________________________________
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**RANK #4:**

REASON:  ________________________________________________
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